

1. Jesus opens the first seal

- a) Revelation 6:1–2 (see also Leviticus 26:21–26)
- b) Who is the rider on the white horse? Is it Christ or His church? (Revelation 19:11–16)
- c) What period of the history of the Christian church is represented here?

2. Jesus opens the second seal

- a) Revelation 6:3–4
- b) Who is riding on the red horse?
- c) What period of the history of the Christian church is represented here?

3. Jesus opens the third seal

- a) Revelation 6:5–6
- b) What does the grain shortage represent? Amos 8:11
- c) Does God send the famine or is the famine the result of abandoning the Word of God?
- d) Even though there is a famine of the Word of God, what assurance is given that the Holy Spirit is still working, leading people to salvation? Revelation 6:6
- e) What period of the history of the Christian church is represented here?

4. Jesus opens the fourth seal

- a) Revelation 6:7–8
- b) Who is bringing destruction on the earth? Leviticus 26:21–26 describes these events as judgments of God. Is God causing these calamities or allowing them? (see Numbers 21:6 and Deuteronomy 8:15)

- c) How does Jesus describe our adversary Satan? John 8:44; 1 Peter 5:8

- d) What wonderful promises of Jesus give us comfort and assurance when facing such an evil and ruthless enemy?

- i) Revelation 1:17–18
- ii) John 10:27–28
- iii) Other promises?

- e) What period of the history of the Christian church is represented here?

5. Jesus opens the fifth seal

- a) Revelation 6:9–10
- b) How does heaven respond to the prayers of God’s people who have been martyred? Revelation 6:11
- c) Share a time when you cried out, How long, O Lord?

6. Jesus opens the sixth seal

- a) Revelation 6:12–14 (see also Matthew 24:29–30)
- b) Revelation 6:15–17 (Luke 23:30)
- c) Why would anyone want to hide from Jesus?
- d) Who will be able to stand when Jesus returns?
- e) What important lesson have you learned so far from our study of the opening of the sealed scroll?

